

An OFBiz introduction



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Introduction of myself



- Klemens Schwarz
- I studied *Software Engineering for Medical Purposes* at the Upper Austria University of Applied Sciences, Hagenberg
- Now I teach technical lectures (Basics of Programming, Information Systems, ...) at the study course *Communication and Knowledge Media* (Hagenberg)



<http://www.fh-ooe.at/campus-hagenberg/>

Upper Austria University of Applied Sciences, Hagenberg

The OFBiz Framework

Presentation

Model-View-Controller
 Decorator pattern
 Templates vs actions
 Meta-programming

Tomcat, Jetty
 Freemarker, FOP
 JasperReports
 JavaPOS, XUI
 beanshell

Business Logic

Service Oriented Architecture
 Web Services (SOAP/XML)
 Scripting languages
 Meta-programming

Axis
 BSF
 beanshell
 Java

Data

XML Data Modeling
 Persistence
 Database Independence
 Meta-programming

JOTM
 XAPool
 Minerva
 Derby
 JDBC

Framework

Xerces	Jakarta Commons	Javolution
Lucene	Xalan	POI
Log4j	ORO	icu4j

Source: <http://www.opensourcestrategies.com/ofbiz/index.php>

Benefits of such an architecture

- Independent of platform and database
- Development style is agile and flexible
- Code re-use with Service Oriented Architecture
- New application can be plugged in easily (and often with little effort)

OFBiz Entity Engine (Data Model Layer)

- Entity = a small unit of data model
 - Declared in XML files, key/value pairs
 - Found by delegator
 - Generic class with get, set, store methods
- Modelling the data within EntityModel.xml and EntityGroup.xml
- Interfacing the database with EntityEngine.xml and fieldtype.xml

OFBiz Service Engine (Business Logic Layer)

- Service = small unit of business logic
 - The Service Engine displays the business logic of the framework.
- Services are defined in services.xml files.
- Service Engine directly plugs into controller → no parsing needed
- Forms are automatically generated (and updated, if a service was changed)

OFBiz Presentation Layer

- Consists of different technologies:
 - JSP
 - Freemarker (*.ftl), Beanshell (*.bsh), Jpublish
 - Screen, Form, Menu, Widget

How to develop applications – Overview (1/2)

- OFBiz is developed as a three layered architecture. For building an application you build up these layers.
 1. Data Layer:
 1. Design the data tables
 2. Build the data layer within the entitydef folder:
 - entitygroup.xml for defining the tables
 - entitymodel.xml for field types, primary keys and relationships
 2. Business Logic Layer:
 1. Decide which services you need
 2. Build this layer:
 - In the servicedef folder: here you have to define the services including their types, invoked methods, in and out parameters, ...
 - Implement the services either via Beanshell (/script) or Java (/src)

How to develop applications – Overview (2/2)

3. Presentation Layer:

1. Decide what pages the user needs.
2. Build this layer:
 - The webapp folder contains the forms that might be included in some screens.
 - The widget folder contains the screens the application pages present.

4. Controller:

- The Controller receives requests and forwards them to their location (URLs are also contained in the controller files).
- The controller(s) is/are located in the WEB-INF folder of each web application (e.g. C:\ofbiz\applications\product\webapp\catalog\WEB-INF\controller.xml)

5. Don't forget to add your application to the component-load.xml file (located e.g. in C:\ofbiz\hot-deploy)

→ OFBiz Demo

- Directory structure
- Important XML files
- Application composition

Coding Guidelines

1. Do NOT use minilang → use Java, or a Java scripting language such as Beanshell, JRuby, etc.
2. Do NOT use the form widget → use the OFBiz form macro or just Freemarker and HTML
3. Do NOT use constructs like <entity-and> or <entity-condition> in the screen widget → use Beanshell instead
4. Do NOT use the screen widget to layout your files → use an FTL template (Freemarker)
5. Do NOT use static Java methods in an FTL page → prepare a separate *.bsh file and pass the result as list or map
6. Do NOT create new forms completely new → use existing FTL files as much as possible
7. Do NOT oversuse the service engine → write a Java method for just looking up data (it's much faster)
8. Do NOT oversuse transactions → add a *use-transaction="false"* to your services XML definition
9. Put in log messages whenever there is an unexpected behavior, e. g. `Debug.logWarning("Failure in Moudle", module);`
10. Always create demo data for testing purposes.

See for further information:

- OFBiz Wiki: <http://ofbizwiki.go-integral.com/Wiki.jsp>
- Opentabs Home: <http://www.opentaps.org/index.php>
- OFBiz Apache site: <http://ofbiz.apache.org/>
- OFBiz documentation on opensourcestrategies: <http://www.opensourcestrategies.com/ofbiz/>
- OFBiz Data Model: <https://ofbiz.dev.java.net/servlets/ProjectDocumentList?folderID=236&expandFolder=236&folderID=0>

(a little bit confusing, isn't it?!)